

SPRINGFIELD GLOBE-REPUBLIC

THE SPRINGFIELD GLOBE,
Volume IV. Number 332.

SPRINGFIELD, OHIO, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 17, 1885.

THE SPRINGFIELD REPUBLIC
Volume III. Number 332.

OWEN, PIXLEY & CO.

Indications.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Tennessee and Ohio Valley: Local snows and partly cloudy weather; slightly warmer weather; east to south winds, becoming variable; lower barometer.

SOLID, STEADY, UNSENSATIONAL CLOTHING TALK.

"TODAY'S DOINGS" AT 25 AND 27 WEST MAIN STREET.

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO CLOTHING CONSUMERS.

WE DRIFT WITH THE TIDE OF POPULARITY, INTO THE HARBOR OF SUCCESS, AND SO ON.

Jean Pants so different. Cut different. Made different. Sold different. In a different atmosphere. A thousand pair to select from.

Tempting prices on Overcoats. Many lines are "on their last limbs," others are complete. Of the complete lines we speak, leaving the odds to be taken for granted.

4279 Rich Brown Melton, \$14; 4001 Fine Spring-shade Cheviot, \$11; 6981 Dark Green Stockinet, in Spring Weight, \$16; 5553 Light Shade Spring Weight Fancy Worsteds, silk lined throughout, \$22; 6037 Gray Corkscrew Worsted, extra sizes, \$12; 7177 Heavy Weight Brown Diagonal, \$10; 6553 Heavy Weight Navy Blue Cheviot, \$15; 7097 Handsome Golden Brown Beaver, \$20, and others.

PANTALOONS,
No Wool, some Wool, part Wool, all Wool, and fine Worsteds, \$1.25 low, \$7 high, and a score of intermediates.

Reasonable tight cut, loose cut, spring, or no spring, top or side pocket, half lined or not lined. They're all here. Big stock of them.

Scotch Gray finished seamed. Silk bound underwear. Not all wool of course, could it be, 40c.

Of Buck, of Sheep, of Kid, and of Fabric Gloves, we can't say too much. Our enormous purchases in these lines brings prices within reach. A dollar there, are a quarter less here.

Serango, Riverton, Pola, Pixley, Phoenix, Kenwood, Edison, Bend D'O'r Bernhardt, Amherst, Paris, Harvard, stand up and stand down collars, 2 for a quarter, 4 for a half, or \$1.50 per box, and guaranteed 4 ply twenty hundred lines.

Just the reason we sell collars and cuffs so much below the market no one but us and another knows.

Traveling Bags, Satchels and such, are here at less.

Scattered and scattering are the 50c Hats and Caps. Enough of same sizes, none of others. East window tells the story.

OWEN, PIXLEY & CO.,
Springfield's Only One Price Clothiers.

WARDER & BARNETT.

Notice to Bread Eaters!
Owing to the long cold spell, our mill has been running up, consequently most of the grocers have completely run out of "GOLDEN FLEECE."

Many families, to their regret, were compelled to purchase the cheap and inferior flour that had this market under the name of "Buller," "Hungerford," etc.

We are again running night and day, and hope to be able to place in the hands of all grocers and dealers "GOLDEN FLEECE" at former prices.

Barrel in sacks or wood.....\$5.80
One-Fourth sack (40 lbs.).....1.45
One-Eighth sack (20 lbs.)......75

WARDER & BARNETT.

SPRINGFIELD RETAIL MARKETS.
CORRECTED BY CHAS. W. PAYNTER & CO.

Daily Report—Tuesday, Feb. 17, 1885.
PROVISIONS.

BUTTER—Good supply, but dull at 20c retail.
EGGS—Good supply, 20c per doz.
POULTRY—Good demand; chickens, young, 20c; old, 25c; each.
APPLES—\$1.00 per bush.
POTATOES—50c per bush.
SWEET POTATOES—\$1.50 per bush. Jerseys 2c.

CABBAGE—Dull; \$1.50 a dozen per bush; 15c head.
ONIONS—Scarce; \$1.20 per bush.
SALT—Snowflake brand, \$1.25 per bush.
COAL OIL—100 lbs. 20c per gal.
LARD—5c.
SUGAR—CURED MEATS—Sides, 10c; shoulders, 10c; hams, 14c; B. Bacon, 10c.

GRONCHIES.
SUGARS—A large demand and prices low; granulated, 7c per lb.; "A" white, 6c per lb.; extra C, 5c per lb.; yellow C, 5c per lb.; C, 5c per lb.

COFFEES—Mocha lower; Java, 25c per lb.; Blue, golden, 15c per lb.; Rio, prime green, 12 1/2c per lb.; Rio, x. union, 10c per lb.
PEPPERS—Black, 10c per lb.; white, 12c per lb.
MOLASSES—No. 1, 10c per gal; No. 2, 9c per gal.
RICE—Carolina, 5c per lb.
OYSTERS—30c per qt.
DRIED APPLES—1 1/2c per lb.
DRIED PEACHES—10c per lb.
CHICKENS—Dressed, \$2.75 per 100; 50 per dozen.
TURKEYS—12c per lb.
DUCKS—12c per lb.
RABBIT—\$1.25 per doz.

WOLLS.
Fine washed, 25c per lb.; unwashed, 3c off.
DRESS GOODS.
RAINCOATS—New 100 lbs. per lb.
CURLANTS—New 75c per lb.
DRESS GOODS—New 75c per lb.
DRESS GOODS—New 75c per lb.
DRESS GOODS—New 75c per lb.

NEWS FROM LONDON.

Very Serious Illness of Mrs. James Russell Lowell.

It is Believed That She Cannot Recover.

Dynamite Discoveries in Switzerland.

The East and the West Snowed Under.

A New Bill to Regulate Coinage.

Mrs. James Russell Lowell Dangerously Ill.

LONDON, February 17.—The disease from which Mrs. James Russell Lowell is suffering is brain fever. Two physicians are in attendance. Her condition is considered dangerous.

Mrs. Lowell not Expected to Live.
LONDON, February 17.—Despatches from Korti state that Arabs are deserting from Metemeh in large numbers and entering the British camp at Gubat.

The wife of Lowell is very low today. No hopes are entertained of her recovery. The latest report is to the effect her death may be expected at any moment.

Congress.
WASHINGTON, February 16.—SENATE.—Bill introduced: To relinquish to the city of Denver certain lands for a public library.

The bills to quiet certain titles to Des Moines river lands, and relative to anti-fraud contract labor were laid before the Senate.

The Senate then took up the Indian appropriation bill and passed it after some debate.

Houss.—The legislative appropriation bill was considered in committee of the whole.

Bills passed: Relating to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods; appropriating \$200,000 for the erection of a building in Washington for the library of the medical department of the United States army; regulating mail contracts.

The Senate amendments to the army appropriation bill were non-concurred in.

Mr. Stocum then called up the bill to place General Grant on the retired list, but the House, after a long debate, by a vote of 158 to 103, refused to suspend the rules for the purpose of passing the bill.

Mr. Cox, of New York, eulogized Grant and advocated the passage of the bill.

General Boiesman explained why he could not vote for the bill, namely, because it was a plain proposition to reward the General for distinguished military services.

WASHINGTON, February 17.—HOUSE.—On motion of Peters, the bill for the erection of public buildings at Wichita, Kansas, to cost \$50,000, was considered.

Hutchinson, from the committee on appropriations, reported the naval appropriation bill and gave notice that he would ask the House to consider it tomorrow.

The Senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill were non-concurred in.

Dorshner introduced a bill to regulate coinage and promote the circulation of the gold and silver reserve.

Dorshner's bill provides that as soon as practicable the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be engraved notes of the denomination of \$2, \$5, \$10, and \$50, and printed in such quantities as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. Said notes when issued shall be payable on demand in silver dollars, present standard fineness, (480 grains Troy weight) or if the holder prefer he may receive standard silver (bars stamped by the United States) at the rate of 4.80 grains to the dollar.

Section 2 provides for the deposit with the Government of standard dollars or bullion, for which notes proportionate to such deposit shall be given, redeemable in silver bars or dollars of standard value, in both cases 480 grains to the dollar.

Section 3 provides that the coinage of gold, silver and silver bullion product of the United States shall be free, but no silver coin shall be made at any United States mint of foreign silver, and no foreign silver shall be admitted into the United States without paying the highest rate of duty imposed on manufactured silver.

Section 4 provides for the exchange of silver dollars and certificates issued under a former act for notes authorized by this act. Section 5 authorizes the secretary of the treasury to cause to have coined at any time or from the silver in the Treasury in standard dollars, 4.80 grains, as many as he may think likely to be needed and to retain in standard silver bars so much silver as he may deem necessary to meet the demand for silver in that form.

Section 6 provides that notes hereby authorized as legal tender be received at their nominal value.

Section 7 repeals the act of February 28th, 1878.

The resolution for the appointment of a commission on the subject of alcoholic liquor traffic was reported back adversely from the Committee on Joint Resolutions. The House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Miller in the Chair, on the legislative appropriation bill.

Bismarck Creates an Excitement.
BERLIN, February 17.—Quite an exciting scene took place in the Reichstag last evening during the debate on the subject of increasing the duty on cereals. While Bismarck was speaking in favor of raising the duty on wheat to three marks, he noticed a commotion among the new German Liberal and Socialist members, who occupied seats on the left of the house. Becoming indignant at the noise, he stopped for a moment, and then, pointing in the direction of the offending members, said: "Mischief is your tactics." [Cries arose from the left] "This is monstrous. You will then say we foretell that the people would not suffer from this blood tax." A deafening tumult ensued, and it was some moments before order was restored.

French Loss.
PARIS, February 17.—An official dispatch from General Briere de Lisle states that the French loss at the taking of Langson was 30 killed and 222 wounded.

Explosion and Loss of Life.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., February 17.—The journals of the air shaft fan of the Hillman Vein Coal Company became overheated this morning and a brief stoppage for repairs allowed the gas to accumulate in the workings. A miner entered one of the breasts with a naked lamp, the gas fired and an explosion took place, spreading into the gang ways and other parts of the mine, doing considerable damage to the workings. A large number of miners and laborers were at work at the time of the explosion occurred, many of whom, fortunately, escaped, while a number were seriously injured. They are as follows: Jas. Solomon, killed; Daniel Richards, thigh broken; John O'Donnell, arm broken; Harry Greibel, Harry Dunston, William Eustice, Harry Jenkins, William Reed, Thomas D. Jones, Thomas Jones and John Williams, seriously burned.

Colonial Troops for Egypt.
LONDON, February 17.—It is reported today that the riotous conduct of unemployed workmen yesterday, and the growing feeling of discontent among the same class in other large business centers, has created a strong feeling in government circles in favor of the accepting of offers from several colonial governments of volunteers for service in Egypt. It is deemed unwise to make further drafts on home troops. Victoria and New South Wales, will send a contingent composed of 7,000 men for service in Egypt. Combined action on the part of the colonies for furnishing a large force of volunteers for Egyptian service is suggested.

Snow-Bound.
THOY, N. Y., February 17.—Last night's storm was the severest of years. Trains on the Troy and Boston, New York Central and up north are snow-bound at Rome's Point. North-bound trains laid over last night. Trains on the Troy and Boston are snow-bound at Pownall. Street-car travel between Troy and Albany is stopped.

Efforts are making this morning to open the tracks to different points in this section. A heavy wind is stripping the trees of branches, leveling fences and blowing down chimneys. The country roads are blocked with drifts in places twenty feet high. Stages are abandoned, and mails late. No loss of life is reported.

Durbin Ward Breaks Out in a New Spot.
KANKAKEE, Ill., February 17.—General Durbin Ward, of Ohio, while snowed in near Kankakee, entertained his seventy fellow-passengers with personal and military reminiscences, saying: "I dislike to discuss battles over which generals are in controversy. Still I assure you that if our union generals say they were not surprised at the battle of Shiloh, it is a great surprise to me. Had not the death of the confederate Joe Johnston happened just when it did, our fate would have been far different."

The Boomers to be Scooped.
ST. LOUIS, February 17.—A dispatch from Wichita, Kansas, says: As the result of orders from Washington to General Hatch and United States District Attorney Hutton, it has been decided to issue no warrants for the arrest of Coach, Stanford and other Oklahoma invaders, the warrants to be made returnable March 5th, the day the boomers have set for another raid on the Territory. General Hatch will leave at once for his military headquarters at Caldwell, Kansas, to complete arrangements for preventing any future movement that may be attempted.

Canadians and Other Colonists for Egypt.
LONDON, February 17.—Lord Lansdowne, governor-general of Canada, and Earl Derby, colonial secretary, are exchanging telegrams in regard to the enlistment of Canadians for service in the Sudan. General Walsley telegraphed the governor of New South Wales from Korti that he looks forward with pride and pleasure to the time when he shall have colonial soldiers serving in his command. He thinks if England adopts the regiment from New South Wales for service in Egypt, that it will only be fair to allow the Canadian regiment to enter the same field.

The Heavy Snow East.
WHITE HALL, N. Y., February 17.—The heavy snow last night laid eleven inches on the ground. A terrible wind blew. Trains are all laid out. The Montreal express, due here at midnight, is snowed in a quarter of a mile south of Westport. The passengers are all right. There have been no trains from the south since 8 o'clock last evening. Railway officials are making every effort to open communication. Owing to the severity of the weather their progress is very slow.

Comstock in the Field.
HAMILTON, O., February 17.—At the instance of Anthony Comstock, of New York, affidavits have been made and warrants to arrest served on members of the firms of P. J. Sorg & Co. and Wilson & McNally, for violation of the State lottery law. They are tobacco manufacturers at Middletown, O., and advertise a distribution of prizes among purchasers of their tobacco.

Dynamite in Switzerland.
BERNE, February 17.—Swiss officials have been warned of a plot to blow up the Federal Palace with dynamite, in retaliation for repressive measures recently adopted by the Federal Council. It is stated that the police of Geneva have discovered a secret dynamite factory in that city and that all the workmen employed in the factory were Swiss.

The Boundary.
OTTAWA, February 17.—In the House of Commons Sir John McDonald said: "The Government is prepared to accept the decision of the Privy Council as to the boundary between Ontario and Manitoba, but not as respects the northern boundary of Ontario."

Shouldn't Wonder.
ROME, February 17.—The Pope is mourning the death of Cardinal McCabe. His Holiness refused to see Michael Davitt. It is stated that he fears Englund would deem the granting of an audience with Davitt in the present circumstances an unfriendly act.

Fire and Men out of Work.
LAKE VILLAGE, N. H., February 17.—P. Bartlett & Son's hosiery mill burned last night; also Horace Wood's yarn mill; loss, Bartlett & Sons, \$12,000; Woods, \$6,000. A hundred men thrown out employment.

New York on Grant.
ALBANY, February 17.—In the Assembly, the resolution calling on Congress to pass the Edmunds bill to place General Grant on the retired list was announced. Resolution adopted—aye 71, nays 1.

The Cold Weather.

CHICAGO, February 17.—The weather in Chicago has moderated somewhat. At 8 a. m. the mercury showed 4 degrees below zero; at Omaha it was cloudy and 10 above; Des Moines snowing and 5 above; in Dakota and Manitoba the thermometer still ranges from 20 to 30 below, so that no immediate relief can be expected. The worst effects of the storm are still felt in the south and southeast of Chicago. Freight trains are quite generally suspended. Passenger trains on east-bound roads, except on the Grand Trunk, are moving although delayed.

Incoming trains are from one to three hours late. The Grand Trunk has been closed since Sunday. The Panhandle, Chicago and Eastern, Illinois and Louisville, New Albany and Chicago are still snowed up. The Illinois Central trains are several hours late, but it is announced that they will be in shape by noon. The Alton, Wabash, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy are all delayed. The St. Paul and Northwestern trains are going out on time, but incoming trains are from one to two hours late.

Nat'l Appropriation Bill.
WASHINGTON, February 17.—The naval appropriation bill as reported to the House provides for the appropriation of \$13,515,838. The estimates of the circular were \$20,650,401, more than one-half of which was for the increase of the navy. In lieu of the estimate for increase of the navy Randall's proposition, providing for the appointment of a board to consider and report to Congress plans for vessels for the navy, and making an in-leave appropriation for the building of such vessels as may be recommended by the board, was adopted.

New Jersey Under the Snow.
PLYMOUTH, N. J., February 17.—The worst snow storm and blow of this year occurred last night. The night express due here at midnight arrived at 9:30 today. The night express south due here at 3:45 just arrived; both are now stalled. Four engines, two snow ploughs and a gang of men are trying to move the trains. The highways are impassable.

Snow Storm in Canada.
MONTREAL, February 17.—The severest snow storm for years is raging here. Since last evening the traffic on railroads has been at a stand still. No trains arrived today from any point and it is impossible to say when lines will be opened for traffic, owing to the immense quantity of snow drifted on the rails.

The Northwest all Snowed Up.
CHICAGO, February 17.—Noon.—Reports received at the office of the several Western railroads from various points in Iowa and Missouri say that heavy snow-storms are in progress in those States, threatening the further interruption of railway traffic.

Striking Suicide.
FALMOUTH, Ky., February 17.—Elizabeth Bony, aged 36, living alone near this place, barred her doors and windows yesterday, fired the building and perished in the flames.

A Wheeling dispatch says:—
A revival of religion is spreading over the Ohio valley from this point to the Kentucky line. At Barnesville 200 have been converted, and as many more at Bellaire. At Fairmount the churches will not hold the people. Scores of other towns and cities report conversions ranging from 25 to 500 each. At Gallipolis, O., the great meeting continues. The First Methodist Episcopal church, which will seat 1,000 people, is filled nightly with converts, to the exclusion of old members and spectators. Prayer meetings are held in counting rooms and in the cashiers' offices in the banks. The saloons are nearly all gone, and the editors of two of the city papers are doing evangelist work."

The first Senate bill to place Grant on the retired list failed to pass the House, Monday.

Mr. S. J. Osborne, who married a wealthy Baryrus lady, is likely to prove his "respectability." He has gone to see relatives in Cincinnati.

Great excitement was occasioned in London, Monday, by the riotous conduct of a large number of unemployed workmen, 3,000 of whom paraded the streets with banners bearing mottoes of their grievances. Several hands of music accompanied the procession, which marched to the building occupied by the Local Government Board. A committee from the ranks entered the office and demanded relief for the people they represented. They wanted immediate employment on the construction of municipal works, which they said were needed for the public good. The officers of the board refused the committee, and the crowd became a howling mob. The police attempted to interfere, but were soon overpowered. The mob was finally dispersed.

Captain Phelan has gone to Kansas City to look after his business affairs, as he will not be needed, further, in the examination of Short.

The legislature of Illinois has not yet reached a bill on the Senatorial question.

The bark Alfred, from Pensacola for Liverpool, was wrecked in a storm, and eight of the crew perished. The Captain, second mate and two seamen saved themselves.

Local proceedings have been begun in Hamilton, O., against P. J. Sorg and T. C. Simpson, tobacco manufacturers who have been arrested charged with conducting a lottery in the sale of certain brands of tobacco.

The excursion steamer Big Sandy arrived at New Orleans Monday morning, only five days and fourteen hours out from Cincinnati, having navigated through heavy Ohio and Mississippi ice, over one thousand miles.

In the examination of Cunningham and Barton in London evidence of a convicting nature was plentifully given connecting the former with the Gower street explosion.

The wife of Minister Lowell is seriously ill.

Unemployed workmen, to the number of several thousand, made a demonstration in London Monday. They gathered around Gladstone's house crying "down with the Ministry" after having visited the office of the local Government Board and demanded work.

The funeral of a socialist journalist in Paris was a great demonstration. A riot occurred between Germans in the procession and Frenchmen.

A report is made showing grand work done for the London poor by the Peabody fund.

Mr. Dudley was arraigned Monday, in New York, Ross not appearing from fear of "dynamite." Dudley was held in \$3,000, and remanded until bondsmen could be secured.

WIT AND HUMOR.

The Jersey farmer felt the shake On Sunday's sudden fierce earthquake, And shivered, as if racked with pain; He looked around in mortal dread, And, seeing nothing, shook his head, But feebly smiling, simply said: "I've got the blasted shakes" again."

Dr. Paxton, of New York, says that the Scotch are the only people who have succeeded in solving the difficult problem of combining punch with piety.

The latest freak in ladies' head-gear is called the "pen-wiper bonnet." It has a huge rosette, simulating a pen-wiper, on top. Must be very handy for reporters in public gatherings.—*Burlington Free Press.*

Twenty-five years ago there were fifty cats where there is only one to-day, says a statistician in the Philadelphia Call adds that twenty-five years ago there was one set of furs where there are fifty to-day.

At bay: He—"How snubby you are with these young men. That last one is quite broken up." She (who lives in a collegiate town)—"I really cannot help it. I am so tired of educating other people's children."—*Life.*

A mendicant approached a Westchester man on the cars, the other day, and said: "Dear sir, I have lost my leg," to which the Westchester man replied, as he hurried away: "My dear friend, I have not seen anything of it."—*Westchester Local News.*

"Is your overcoat at home?" asked a merchant of his clerk, who came shivering into his office. "No, sir," he cheerfully replied; "but my ulster is at my uncle's." As neither of them knew what the other thought, the business of the day proceeded as usual.

A lawyer in one of the courts lately threw an inkstand at another's head. The court required him to apologize for it. He did so, and added, "While I am about it I may as well apologize beforehand for throwing another inkstand at him the first chance I get."

What is the difference between the man who is "transfixed with horror" and a leopard's tail? Answer: One is "rooted to the spot" and the other is spotted to the root. (P. S.—If the leopard's tail is not spotted to the root, this conundrum is declared off.)—*Norristown Herald.*

The well-grounded belief that money is all-powerful has sustained a severe blow. A theatrical company is traveling over the State with a play called "Power of Money," and it doesn't possess sufficient power to draw a house big enough to pay the hotel bills.—*Norristown Herald.*

Her Dying R. quest.—Lily is very ill—dangerously ill. Her mamma is very anxious about her. "Say, mamma, am I going to die?" asked the little patient. "Hush, child; you surely don't want to hear your poor mother's heart?" "No, ma-dam; only, if I die, I want you to put my dolls into mourning!"—*Londonist.*

Parson Whangdoodle Baxter distinguished himself once more at the funeral of an aged colored man: "Our deceased brother was married four times during his life," said Whangdoodle; "but only one of his widows am so fortunate as to be able to survive him long enough to be present on his death solemnities occasion."—*Texas Siftings.*

An inspector, who had been explaining to a class that the land of the world was not continuous, said to the boy who happened to be standing nearest to him: "Now, could your father walk round the world?" "No, sir," was promptly answered. "Why not?" "Because he's a d. a. l." was the altogether unlooked for response.—*All the Year Round.*

A man went fishing in the Minnesota River recently, and hooked a large wall-eyed pike. He began to play him, when the fish, running under the boat, capsize it, got in himself, and putting on the man's overcoat, started for New Orleans. This shows the danger of going fishing in a state where the whiskey is stronger than the veracity of the inhabitants.—*Burlington Free Press.*

He had just had his hair cut and returned home. "Hum!" he says, after examining him self in the glass critically. "I guess I shd have to go back to the barber's shop again. This 'H' never do!" "What's the matter?" says his wife. "No, confound him! he's one cut and it too short. I'll make him cut it over again."—*French Paper.*

There are a number of very eligible young men of Pembina County, Dakota, but no young women. Although it is not spring, the young men's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love, and, pooling their interests, they have organized one of their number to go to Boston and secure wives for the rest. It is commendable for the young men to take unto themselves wives, but why go to Boston?

The Tartary young man who breaks his engagement with his girl does so at his peril, for then he has to engue himself to the next older sister. If anything happens to her he has to take the next one, and so on down. The family that matrimonially catches a Tartar doesn't let go its grip until grim death has been busy, for Tartar families are always blessed with a large bevy of girls.—*Waterbury American.*

A Texas cattleman married a refined young lady belonging to the best society in Texas. The lady, however, died shortly after her marriage congratulated him on his happy fortune. "It's all right, but I had to make sacrifices," replied the newly-made husband, shaking his head. "What sacrifices?" "I've had to give up going to bed with my boots and shoes on when I come home first."—*Texas Siftings.*

At a sewing circle all the women were talking, and some of the subjects got hopelessly confused. For instance, the subject of crickets and church o. o. o. "I never heard such a horrid noise as they made last Sunday," said one woman, referring to the choir. "Or I either," said another, thinking she referred to the Fall or-kets. "They say make that noise with their hind legs."—*Cleveland Leader.*

Col. Elliot, who is the Texas Commissioner at the New Orleans Exposition, has got himself into trouble. A Dallas youth, who imagines that he is an artist, brought him a beautiful landscape he had painted, and told him he wanted it exhibited at New Orleans. "Certainly, sir; certainly," replied Col. Elliot. "But I want a card put on it stating that it is not for sale." "I don't think that there is the slightest necessity for that," remarked Commissioner Elliot, taking another glance at the work of art.—*Texas Siftings.*

Husband—"It looks like rain, my dear. Don't you think we had better take an umbrella?" Wife—"O, no! we don't want to be bothered with it." Husband—"You take great chances, my love." Wife—"I know I do. If I were a man I would be a bold speculator. I would never be content, like you, to do an ordinary humdrum business that would just bring me a liv-

ing." [An hour later, the couple standing in a narrow doorway with the rain beating fiercely in.] Wife—"How do I look?" Husband—"Very much like a speculator, sharer of my joys and sorrows."

The poetical market.—He came into an Austin newspaper office and in a very pompous manner handed the editor a document with the remark: "My friends, to whom I have read this poem, praise it very highly, so I have concluded to allow you to publish it for a reasonable remuneration." "I can't publish your poem, but I can give you a h. n. t how you can make money out of it," replied the editor, after he had read over the verses. "I should be much obliged to you." "Those friends of yours who praise your poem so much have got money, have they not?" "O, yes, some of them are quite wealthy." "Then you bet them one to ten that there is not a paper in the United States that will publish a poem without being paid for it, and you will scoop them for all they are worth. Good morning."—*Texas Siftings.*

GLEANNINGS.
Boston is believed to have more music teachers than any other city in the United States.

Invalid-chairs have been mounted on tricycles in England, with a place for the driver behind.

Cigarettes are seldom made wholly of tobacco. The cheaper grades are made of opium and sawdust.

The Louisville, Ky., city dog-tax is one-ninth as much as the saloons pay. There must be slathers of dogs in Louisville.

Of the 139 White Cross Society physicians who went to Naples, 137 are said to be treating the cholera patients, twenty have died.

George Washington Childs, of the Philadelphia Ledger, pensions his old employees at their regular salaries when they retire.

One who pretends to be an authority says "flirts are like fiddles—no good without the beaus." They are no good at any time.

The famous shell road of New Orleans is a boulevard of almost snowy whiteness, nearly 200 feet in width and nine miles long.

A West Virginia woman of thirty-five eloped with her adopted son, aged twenty, to whom she had been a mother for ten years.

Miss Nettie Carpenter, the American violinist and prize-winner of the Paris Conservatoire, has recently met with great success in England.

Not counting Governor Cleveland, there have been five Presidential electors in the White House—Jefferson, Jackson, Van Buren, Tyler, and Arthur.

There is a fireman who, except for a short time, has been continuously employed at the Executive Mansion since he first went there in Fillmore's administration.

A Newark maiden attempted to play on her piano the other day, but could not sound a note. Investigation showed that her small brother had filled the top with molasses.

Enough liquor was consumed in Great Britain last year to make a lake a mile long, a mile wide, and thirty-five feet deep. What a lake of fire that would make if lighted.